Our shared online platform makes transboundary basin planning a reality

Climate change is altering weather patterns leading to extreme floods and droughts

Floods and droughts impact human welfare, ecosystems and economies, devastating millions of lives globally

Climate change also makes such events increasingly common, less predictable and more severe

are at increasing risk of the impacts of floods and droughts

Populations, especially the most vulnerable,

BURKINA FASO

occasionally needs to spill excess water, causing floods across the border in Ghanaian farmlands downstream

CÔTE D'IVOIRE

The Bagre Dam in Burkina Faso

Bagre Dam

BENIN To mitigate flooding events, both countries need to agree to transparency and a collaborative approach (i.e. information sharing) to better manage water in their

basins

Building resilience and adapting to future flood and drought

challenges demands effective cross-border collaboration

GHANA

TOGO



MYANMAR (BURMA)

In 2015, Thailand experienced its

seven out of 67 provinces affected

worst drought in decades, with

and water rationing taking place in almost a third of the country THAILAND sectors makes decision around how much water is to be allocated for irrigation and whether there is enough for the second growing season, or if farmers will need to be compensated

LAOS

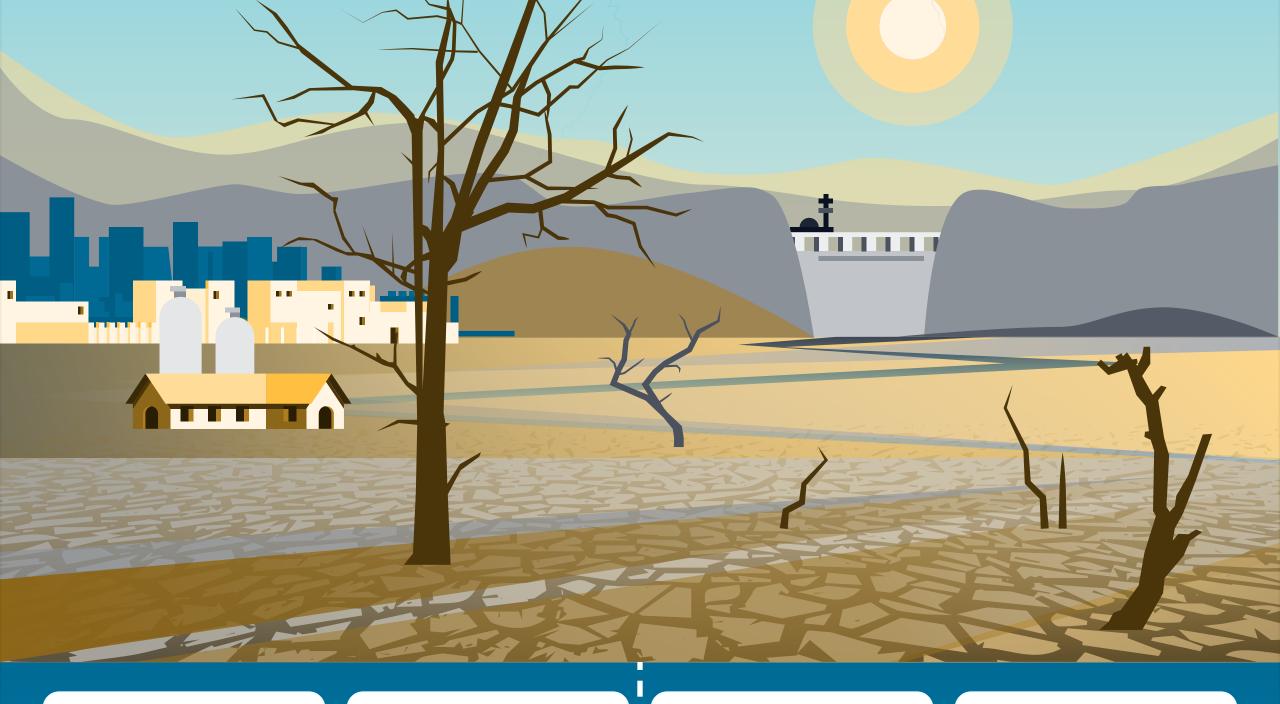
Flood

A dry season committee with

representatives from across key

CAMBODIA

VIETNAM



Increasing uncertainty of the

climate can make it difficult to

plan and prepare for floods and

droughts

Transboundary basin

organisations are set up for

cooperation across borders but

getting agreement can be difficult

Decisions are often made at the

country level. But countries may

have differing priorities and don't

always share critical information

Sharing data between countries

can be difficult, but working alone

is not an effective approach to

water management



Utilities Water Safety Planning

Programmes

planning:

Strategic Action

Basins

The technical applications can be used individually or together to identify and evaluate flood and

address the problems.

The technical applications can

• Integrated Water Resource Management

Transboundary Diagnostic Analyses and

be used in different types of

drought hazards and risks, and plan for how to

The web-based applications allows

sharing of plans across multiple

users; e.g. policy makers, managers,

Using the technical applications builds capacity among

organisations within transboundary basins



The applications can be used to

compile information from models, indicators and existing plans into

Improved livelihoods from

increased efficiency in water supplies

to industry and agriculture

The approach provided by the

technical applications helps build

a shared vision and plan across

borders

CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Improved water security and safety

provided by water utilities to their

customers in cities and communities

Satellite and global data sets can

be a starting point for sharing

information within transboundary

of climate change

SUSTAINABLE CITIES 15 LIFE ON LAND **INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE**

Ongoing positive feedback loops within transboundary water

planning will lead to more impactful investments and achievement

of the targets set in the UN Sustainable Development Goals

Increased economic productivity through

better preparedness and planning for

climate impacts of flooding and droughts

www.flooddroughtmonitor.com For more information, contact

To get started with the tools right now, register for free by visiting

katharine.cross@iwahq.org Or learn more at

IWA, Katharine Cross

fdmt.iwlearn.org



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